

CLAIMS

What is claimed is:

- 1 1. An amplifier system, comprising:
 - 2 a variable gain amplifier having:
 - 3 differential pair transistors;
 - 4 a degeneration element coupled to the differential pair transistors; and
 - 5 a collector load of a similar type to the degeneration element, wherein
 - 6 the collector load is coupled to the differential pair transistors, wherein a gain of the
 - 7 variable gain amplifier is determined by a physical dimension ratio of the collector
 - 8 load to the degeneration element for a differential input control voltage equal to zero
 - 9 volts.
- 1 2. The system of claim 1, further including a first control voltage to vary the
2 resistance of the degeneration element and a second control voltage to vary the
3 resistance of the collector load, wherein the first control voltage and the second
4 control voltage are derived from the differential input control voltage.
- 1 3. The system of claim 2, wherein the first control voltage is opposite in polarity
2 to the second control voltage.
- 1 4. The system of claim 2, wherein the gain of the variable gain amplifier is
2 substantially constant when the first control voltage equals zero and the second
3 control voltage equals zero volts.

1 5. The system of claim 1, further including a second variable gain amplifier
2 having:

3 second differential pair transistors;
4 a second degeneration element coupled to the second differential pair
5 transistors; and
6 a second collector load coupled to the second differential pair transistors,
7 wherein a gain of the second variable gain amplifier is determined by a physical
8 dimension ratio of the second collector load to the second degeneration element at a
9 second differential input control voltage equal to zero volts.

1 6. The system of claim 5, wherein a gain summation of the variable gain
2 amplifier and the second variable gain amplifier is substantially constant at the second
3 differential input control voltage of zero volts.

1 7. The system of claim 1, wherein the differential input control voltage is derived
2 from a single ended voltage and a bandgap voltage.

1 8. An amplifier system, comprising:
2 a variable gain amplifier having:
3 a differential pair circuit having a first three terminal device and a
4 second three terminal device;
5 a first control terminal that receives a first control voltage derived from
6 a differential input control voltage;
7 degeneration resistive elements coupled between the differential pair
8 circuit and the first control terminal;
9 a second control terminal that receives a second control voltage derived
10 from the differential input control voltage, the second control voltage opposite in
11 polarity to the first control voltage; and
12 collector load resistive elements coupled between the differential pair
13 circuit and the second control terminal, the collector load resistive elements being
14 substantially the same type as the degeneration resistive elements, wherein a gain of
15 the system is determined by a physical dimension ratio of the collector load resistive
16 elements to the degeneration resistive elements for the differential input control signal
17 equal to zero volts.

1 9. The system of claim 8, wherein the degeneration resistive elements and the
2 collector load resistive elements include a plurality of three terminal devices.

1 10. The system of claim 8, wherein the degeneration resistive elements and the
2 collector load resistive elements include a plurality of resistors.

1 11. The system of claim 8, further including a first resistive circuit coupled
2 between the first control terminal and the degeneration resistive elements, the first
3 resistive circuit for turning on and off a three terminal device of the degeneration
4 resistive elements, and further including a second resistive circuit coupled between the
5 second control terminal and the collector load resistive elements, the second resistive
6 circuit for turning on and off a three terminal device of the collector load resistive
7 elements.

1 12. The system of claim 8, wherein the degeneration resistive elements and the
2 collector load resistive elements have substantially equal gate to source voltages when
3 the first control voltage equals zero volts and the second control voltage equals zero
4 volts.

1 13. The system of claim 8, further including a current mirror circuit coupled
2 between the differential pair circuit and the collector load resistive elements.

1 14. The system of claim 13, wherein the current mirror circuit includes at least one
2 of p-channel metal oxide semiconductor (PMOS) transistors and p-type, n-type, p-type
3 material (PNP) transistors, the differential pair circuit includes at least one of n-type,
4 p-type, n-type material (NPN) transistors and n-channel metal oxide semiconductor
5 (NMOS) transistors, and the collector load and the degeneration element include at
6 least one of n-channel metal oxide semiconductor (NMOS) transistors and PMOS
7 transistors.

1 15. The system of claim 13, wherein the current mirror circuit includes at least one
2 of NMOS transistors and NPN transistors, the differential pair circuit includes at least
3 one of p-type, n-type, p-type material (PNP) transistors and PMOS transistors, and the
4 collector load and the degeneration element include at least one of PMOS transistors
5 and NMOS transistors.

1 16. The system of claim 8, wherein the variable gain amplifier operates in at least
2 one of a baseband frequency, and an intermediate frequency, and a radio frequency.

1 17. The system of claim 8, further including at least a second variable gain
2 amplifier having:

3 a second differential pair circuit having a first three terminal device and a
4 second three terminal device;

5 a third control terminal that receives a third control voltage derived from a
6 second differential input control voltage;

7 second degeneration resistive elements coupled between the second
8 differential pair circuit and the third control terminal;

9 a fourth control terminal that receives a fourth control voltage derived from the
10 second differential input control voltage, the fourth control voltage opposite in
11 polarity to the third control voltage; and

12 collector load resistive elements coupled between the second differential pair
13 circuit and the fourth control terminal, the collector load resistive elements being
14 substantially the same type as the degeneration resistive elements, wherein a gain of
15 the second variable gain amplifier is determined by a physical dimension ratio of the
16 collector load resistive elements to the degeneration resistive elements at the second
17 differential input control voltage equal to zero volts.

1 18. The system of claim 17, wherein the gain of the second variable gain amplifier
2 is inversely proportional to the gain of the variable gain amplifier.

1 19. The system of claim 18, wherein the second variable gain amplifier is operated
2 at a second frequency and the variable gain amplifier is operated at a first frequency.

1 20. The system of claim 18, wherein the second variable gain amplifier is in a
2 feedback loop of the variable gain amplifier.

1 21. The system of claim 17, wherein the second variable gain amplifier operated at
2 a first frequency is cascaded to the variable gain amplifier operated at the first
3 frequency.

1 22. The system of claim 17, wherein the second degeneration resistive elements
2 and the collector load resistive elements includes at least one of a three terminal
3 device and a resistor.

1 23. A method of operating a variable gain amplifier, comprising:
2 providing an input signal to a differential pair circuit;
3 loading the differential pair circuit with degeneration resistive elements and
4 collector load resistive elements;
5 applying a first control voltage to the degeneration resistive elements;
6 applying a second control voltage to the collector load resistive elements that
7 is opposite in polarity to the first control voltage; and
8 configuring the degeneration resistive elements to be substantially the same
9 type as the collector load resistive elements, wherein a gain of the variable gain
10 amplifier is determined by a physical dimension ratio of the collector load resistive
11 elements to the degeneration resistive elements at a differential input control voltage
12 equal to zero volts.

1 24. The method of claim 23, further including turning on and off three terminal
2 devices of the degeneration resistive elements element and the collector load resistive
3 elements.

1 25. The method of claim 23, further including mirroring the current of the
2 differential pair circuit to the collector load resistive elements.

1 26. The method of claim 23, further including providing, loading, applying, and
2 configuring for a second variable gain amplifier.

1 27. The method of claim 26, further including operating the variable gain
2 amplifier at a first frequency and the second variable gain amplifier at a second
3 frequency.

1 28. The method of claim 27, further including effecting a gain of the second
2 variable gain amplifier to be inversely proportional to the gain of the variable gain
3 amplifier.

1 29. The method of claim 27, further including positioning the second variable gain
2 amplifier in a feedback loop of the variable gain amplifier.

1 30. The method of claim 26, further including cascading the second variable gain
2 amplifier at a first frequency to the variable gain amplifier operated at the first
3 frequency.

1 31. The method of claim 26, further including deriving the first control voltage
2 and the second control voltage from the differential input control voltage.

1 32. An amplifier system, comprising:
2 a first variable gain amplifier having:
3 a first differential pair circuit having a first three terminal device and a
4 second three terminal device, the first and the second three terminal devices each
5 having an emitter terminal, a collector terminal, and a base terminal;
6 a first control terminal that receives a first control voltage;
7 a variable emitter load coupled to the emitter terminals of the first
8 differential pair circuit;
9 a constant resistance load coupled to the collector terminals of the first
10 differential pair circuit; and
11 a second variable gain amplifier having:
12 a second differential pair circuit having a first three terminal
13 device and a second three terminal device, the first and the second three terminal
14 devices each having an emitter terminal, a collector terminal, and a base terminal;
15 a second control terminal that receives a second control
16 voltage;
17 a variable collector load coupled to the collector terminals of
18 the first differential pair circuit; and
19 a second constant resistance load coupled to the emitter
20 terminals of the first differential pair circuit, wherein the variable emitter load is of
21 substantially the same type as the variable collector load, wherein a gain of the
22 variable gain amplifier system is dependent on a physical size ratio of the variable
23 collector load to the variable emitter load at a differential input control voltage equal
24 to zero volts.

1 33. The system of claim 32, wherein the first variable gain amplifier operates at a
2 first frequency and the second variable gain amplifier operates at a second frequency.

1 34. The system of claim 32, further including a plurality of at least one of the first
2 variable gain amplifier and the second variable gain amplifier.

1 35. The system of claim 32, wherein a gain of the first variable gain amplifier is
2 inversely proportional to a gain of the second variable gain amplifier.

1 36. The system of claim 32, wherein the variable collector load and the variable
2 emitter load includes NMOS transistors.

1 37. The system of claim 32, wherein the variable collector load and the variable
2 emitter load includes PMOS transistors.

1 38. The system of claim 32, further including current mirror circuits that mirror
2 current of the second differential pair circuit to the variable collector load.

1 39. The system of claim 32, wherein the first control voltage increases
2 proportionally to the second control voltage and the first control voltage decreases
3 proportionally to the second control voltage.

1 40. The system of claim 32, wherein the gain is dependent on a physical size ratio
2 of the variable collector load to the variable emitter load when the first control voltage
3 and the second control voltage equals are equal, wherein the first control voltage and
4 the second control voltage are derived from the differential input control voltage.

1 41. A method of operating a variable gain amplifier system, comprising:

2 providing a first input signal to a first differential pair circuit and a second

3 differential pair circuit, the first differential pair circuit and the second differential pair

4 circuit including emitter terminals, base terminals, and collector terminals;

5 loading the emitter terminals of the first differential pair circuit with a variable emitter

6 load;

7 loading the collector terminals of the first differential pair circuit with a

8 constant resistance load;

9 controlling the variable emitter load with a first control voltage;

10 loading the emitter terminals of the second differential pair circuit with a constant

11 resistance load;

12 loading the collector terminals of the second differential pair circuit with a

13 variable collector load; and

14 configuring the variable collector load to be substantially the same type as the

15 variable emitter load, wherein a gain of the variable gain amplifier system is

16 dependent on a physical size ratio of the variable collector load to the variable emitter

17 load at a differential input control voltage equal to zero volts.

1 42. The method of claim 41, further including mirroring current of the second

2 differential pair circuit to the variable collector load.

1 43. The method of claim 41, further including increasing the first control voltage

2 while proportionally increasing the second control voltage.

1 44. The method of claim 41, further including decreasing the first control voltage

2 while proportionally decreasing the second control voltage.